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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/031,913	05/21/2002	Jose Castillo Deniega	IFLOW.063NP	2831
	7590 05/20/200 RTENS OLSON & BE	EXAMINER		
2040 MAIN STREET			MACNEILL, ELIZABETH	
FOURTEENTH FLOOR IRVINE, CA 92614			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3767	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/20/2008	ELECTRONIC

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

jcartee@kmob.com eOAPilot@kmob.com

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/031,913	DENIEGA ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	ELIZABETH R. MACNEILL	3767			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
<ul> <li>1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 Ag</li> <li>2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This</li> <li>3) Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E</li> </ul>	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 18-28,73,74 and 76-85 is/are pending 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrav 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 18-28,73,74 and 76-85 is/are rejected 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	vn from consideration.  election requirement.				
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the o Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>					
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5)  Notice of Informal P 6)  Other:	ate			

10/031,913 Art Unit: 3767

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 30 April 2008 has been entered.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 1. Claims 18-28,73,74 and 76-85 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ekholmer (US 4,717,379).

Ekholmer teaches a catheter comprising an elongated support (5) constructed from a first material; and a porous membrane (distal portion of the catheter, see that pores 4 do not appear at the proximal end of the catheter in Fig 1 and Fig 4) constructed from a second material that is wrapped around an entire circumference of the support (Fig 2), said support having a lumen between the porous membrane and the support (3), where

10/031,913

Art Unit: 3767

fluid enters the proximal end of the lumen and exits through the pores (4, Fig 1). The catheter further includes a tubular, non-porous membrane (proximal end of 1, which does not have pores 4, Fig 1 and Fig 4) which is wrapped around the support.

Ekholmer does not expressly disclose (1) that the first and second membranes are made of a different material or (2) that the porous and non-porous sections of catheter 1 are "separate."

- (1) The cross-hatchings in the figures indicate that they are different materials, as well as the description (Col 2 lines 20-40) of making the catheter. Additionally, a porous membrane is generally flexible and may be difficult to position in the body without extra support, so it would be beneficial to provide a more rigid support. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use two different materials for the support and porous membrane as this is suggested by the drawings and description and would provide the additional benefit of having a more rigid inner catheter.
- (2) Furthermore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made make the porous and non-porous section separate since it has been held that constructing a formerly integral structure in various elements involves only routine skill in the art. *Nerwin v. Erlichman*, 168 USPQ 177,179.

10/031,913 Art Unit: 3767

As to claim 20, 21, 27, 73, 80, 82, 83 see "Of course it would be possible to instead provide the inner tube 3 with longitudinal partitions 7 on the outside, at which the outer tube 6 can be plane" and Fig 2, which shows ribs (7) that porous membrane (1) is wrapped around. See also Fig 3 for "dome-shaped end portion."

As to claim 22, 75, 85, 86 see Fig 4, non-porous membrane (8).

As to claim 23, 24, 76, 77 see Fig 2 and paragraph spanning Col 1-2, which suggests all the passages are separate.

As to claim 25, 78, 84 the device must be somewhat flexible in order to be guided into the body for a long insertion time and without irritation (Summary of the Invention)

As to claim 26, 79 guidewire lumen (2)

As to claim 28, 81 Ekholmer does not disclose the dimension of the pores. Instead, they are described as "very small capillary holes." It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use pores of less than .023 microns since it has been held that selecting an optimum dimension involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Boesch*, 617 F.2d 272, 205 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1980).

## Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 18-28 and 73-86 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. The examiner has amended the rejection to interpret the proximal and distal portions of catheter 1 as the porous and non-porous sections.

Art Unit: 3767

### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ELIZABETH R. MACNEILL whose telephone number is (571)272-9970. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00-5:30 M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kevin Sirmons can be reached on (571) 272-4965. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Elizabeth R MacNeill/ Examiner, Art Unit 3767 /Kevin C. Sirmons/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3767